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STAAS &	HALSEY	LLP	SWERDLOV	SWERDLOW, DANIEL		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Assistant Comments	10/685,471	KIM, EOG-KYU					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Daniel Swerdlow	2646					
The MAILING DATE of this communication apporeriod for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 Se	eptember 2005.						
·	action is non-final.						
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under E.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19 and 22-25</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19 and 22-25</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
· · · <u> </u>							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner		-vamina-					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ty documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)	∆ □	(DTO 442)					
)	4) ∭ Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 2. Claims 17 through 19 and 21 through 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.
- 3. Regarding Claim 17, the newly-added limitations relating to connector types constitute subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The original disclosure makes no mention of connector types.
- 4. Claims 18, 19 and 21 through 24 depend from Claim 17 and, as such, incorporate the same new matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

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6. Claims 1 through 6 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Streck (US Patent 4,856,049).

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7. Regarding Claim 1, Streck discloses a standalone answering and switching unit (i.e., telecommunication terminal device) (Fig. 12, reference 42'; column 7, lines 11-20) for use with a telephone line (i.e., a public telephone network) that connects a telephone and a fax machine (i.e., external terminal devices of different types) to the network (Fig. 12, reference 10, 14). Streck further discloses a telephone line in connection (i.e., a first pin and a second pin) connecting to the telephone line (i.e., the public telephone network) (Fig. 12, reference 12; column 8, lines 53-56) and a connection (i.e., a third pin and a fourth pin) for a telephone (i.e., a first external terminal device of a first type) (Fig. 12, reference 10) that is connected to the telephone line through a switch (i.e., a first switching unit) (Fig. 12, reference 26, column 5, lines 55-65). Streck further discloses the switch selectively connects the telephone (i.e., first external terminal device) and a fax machine (i.e., a second external terminal device of a second type other than the first type) with the telephone line (i.e., the public telephone network) (column 5, lines 55-65). Streck further discloses a connection for the fax machine (i.e., a first external terminal connection unit having at least a fifth pin and a sixth pin through which the second external terminal device is connected to the first and the second pins according to the first switching unit) (Fig. 12, reference 14; column 7, lines 45-48). Streck further discloses an answering module (i.e., a feeding circuit) (Fig. 12, reference 46; column 7, lines 36-38, 62-63) that answers incoming calls (i.e., keeps a current provided from the public network flowing).

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8. Regarding Claim 2, Streck further discloses the switch (Fig. 12, reference 26) selectively connecting the telephone line (i.e., the first pin) to the telephone connection (i.e., the third pin) and the single line answering module (i.e., the feeding circuit).

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- 9. Regarding Claims 3 and 4, Streck further discloses a connection (i.e., transmission line) that connects the single line answering module (i.e., the feeding circuit) to the telephone line (i.e., the second pin) via the common contact of the switch (i.e., first switching unit) (Fig. 12, reference 26) that selectively connects the telephone (i.e., fourth pin) and a fax machine (i.e., sixth pin) with the same connection (i.e., transmission line) (column 5, lines 55-65).
- 10. Regarding Claims 5 and 6, Streck further discloses answering logic (column 8, lines 1-14) that corresponds to the external terminal detection unit claimed, is connected between switch (i.e., first switching unit) and the connection that corresponds to the transmission line claimed (Fig. 12) and detects carrier signals from both the remote fax machine and the attached fax machine (i.e., detects whether telecommunication signals are transmitted and received between the second external terminal device and the public telephone network).
- 11. Regarding Claim 9, Streck further discloses a switch that selectively connects the telephone (i.e., first external terminal device) and a fax machine (i.e., a second external terminal device of a second type other than the first type) with the telephone line (i.e., the public telephone network) (column 5, lines 55-65). The configuration disclosed by Streck connects one or the other of these devices directly to the telephone line and, as such, is usable with either serial or parallel connections. Because the claim is to a device and the device disclosed by Streck would meet the claim if used with a serial device in one port and a parallel device in the other,

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the recitations related to the serial and parallel connections are mere intended use and not limiting on the device claimed.

- 12. Claims 8 and 10 through 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Klupt et al. (US Patent 5,014,299).
- Regarding Claim 8, Klupt discloses a modem coupler (Figs. 2-4, reference MC; column 3, lines 61-66) in which: a selector switch selects a voice communication mode (i.e., determines whether a first external terminal device is selected) (Fig. 4, reference 29; column 4, lines 12-21); if the voice mode (i.e., first external telephone device) is selected allowing telecommunication between a telephone set (i.e., the first external telephone device) and a telephone network (Fig. 4, reference 10; column 4, lines 36-41); the selector switch selects a data communication mode (i.e., if the first external terminal device is not selected, determining whether a second external terminal device is selected); and if the data mode (i.e., second external telephone device) is selected allowing telecommunication between a modem (i.e., the second external telephone device) and a telephone network (Fig. 4, reference 16; column 4, lines 49-57).
- 14. Regarding Claim 10, Klupt further discloses establishing a four-wire (i.e., parallel) connection between the telephone set (i.e., first external telephone device) and the telephone network (Fig. 4, reference 11; column 3, lines 26-38).
- 15. Regarding Claim 11, Klupt further discloses establishing a two-wire (i.e., serial) connection between the modem (i.e., second external telephone device) and the telephone network (Fig. 4, reference 23; column 4, lines 51-53).

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- Regarding Claim 12, Klupt further discloses establishing a four-wire (i.e., the other one of the serial and the parallel) connection between the telephone set (i.e., first external telephone device) and the telephone network (Fig. 4, reference 11; column 3, lines 26-38).
- Regarding Claim 13, Klupt further discloses a modem coupler (Figs. 2-4, reference MC; column 3, lines 61-66) that corresponds to the switching unit claimed and establishes the serial connection between the modem that corresponds to the second external terminal device claimed and a telephone network (Fig. 4, reference 16; column 4, lines 49-57) in a data communication mode that corresponds to the first state claimed and establishes the parallel connection between the telephone set (i.e., the first external telephone device) and a telephone network (Fig. 4, reference 10; column 4, lines 36-41) in a voice communication mode that corresponds to the second state claimed.
- 18. Regarding Claim 16, Klupt further discloses releasing the central line (i.e., opening the connection between the public telephone network and one of the terminal devices so as to disconnect an established connection) by placing the phone on hook (i.e., regardless of the state of the switching system) (column 5, lines 3-5).
- 19. Regarding Claim 14, Klupt further discloses a switch with labeled positions (Fig. 3 reference 29) that indicates to a user that the modern is selected (i.e., the second external telephone device is connected to the telephone network).
- 20. Regarding Claim 15, Klupt further discloses releasing the central line (i.e., opening the connection between the public telephone network and one of the terminal devices so as to disconnect an established connection) by placing the phone on hook (column 5, lines 3-5).

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Regarding Claim 17, Klupt discloses a modem coupler that corresponds to the terminal 21. device claimed and is used with a telephone set and a modem (i.e., external terminal devices of different types) (Figs. 2-4, reference MC, 10, 16; column 3, lines 52-66) comprising: a line jack (Fig. 4, reference 27; column 4, lines 6-9) that corresponds to the network connection unit claimed and connects to the station jack of the telephone system (i.e., through which a connection to the telephone network is maintained); a modem plug (Fig. 4, reference 24; column 4, lines 1-2) that corresponds to the first external terminal connection unit claimed and connects a modem (i.e., serial type external terminal device) having a matching (i.e., serial-type) connector to the telephone system via the line jack when a switch (Fig. 4, reference 29) is in a data communication mode (i.e., according to a first switching unit being in a first state) (column 4, lines 49-57); a phone jack (Fig. 4, reference 25; column 4, lines 3-6) that corresponds to the second external terminal connection unit claimed and connects a telephone set (i.e., parallel type external terminal device) with a matching (i.e., parallel-type) connector to the telephone system via the line jack when the switch is in a voice communication mode (i.e., according to a first switching unit being in a second state) (column 4, lines 49-57); and the switch (i.e., first switching unit) is connected between the line jack (Fig. 4, reference 27; column 4, lines 6-9) that corresponds to the network connection unit claimed and the modem plug (Fig. 4, reference 24; column 4, lines 1-2) that corresponds to the first external terminal connection unit claimed and the phone jack (Fig. 4, reference 25; column 4, lines 3-6) that corresponds to the second external terminal connection unit claimed such that the devices are connected to the telephone network according to the mode (i.e., state) of operation.

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22. Regarding Claim 18, Klupt further discloses a body of the modem coupler (Fig. 3, reference MC) that corresponds to the connection unit claimed and comprises the line jack (Fig. 4, reference 27; column 4, lines 6-9) that corresponds to the network connection unit claimed and the phone jack (Fig. 4, reference 25; column 4, lines 3-6) that corresponds to the second external terminal connection unit claimed.

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- 23. Regarding Claim 19, Klupt further discloses: the line jack (Fig. 4, reference 27; column 4, lines 6-9) that corresponds to the network connection unit claimed having tip and ring connections (i.e., first and second pins) (Fig. 4, reference T1, T2); the modem plug (Fig. 4, reference 24; column 4, lines 1-2) that corresponds to the first external terminal connection unit claimed having two connections (i.e., third and fourth pins) (Fig. 4, reference T9, T10); and a switch section (i.e., first switching unit) (Fig. 4, reference P1, C1, C3) is connected between the ring line (i.e., the first pin) (Fig. 4, reference T1) and the associated modem connection (i.e., the third pin) (Fig. 4, reference T9) so that in the data communication mode (i.e., first state) the modem (i.e., serial) connection is formed and in the voice communication mode (i.e., second state) the modem (i.e., serial) connection is not formed.
- Regarding Claim 21, Klupt further discloses: the phone jack (Fig. 4, reference 25; column 4, lines 3-6) that corresponds to the second external terminal connection unit claimed having tip and ring connections (i.e., fifth and sixth pins) (Fig. 4, reference T4, T3); and the switch section (i.e., first switching unit) (Fig. 4, reference P1, C1, C3) is disposed between the ring line (i.e., the first pin) (Fig. 4, reference T1) and the associated telephone set connection (i.e., the fifth pin) (Fig. 4, reference T4) so that in the voice communication mode (i.e., second state) the telephone

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(i.e., parallel) connection is formed and in the data communication mode (i.e., first state) the telephone (i.e., parallel) connection is not formed.

- Regarding Claim 23, Klupt further discloses: a switch section (i.e., second switching unit) (Fig. 4, reference P2, C2, C4) disposed between the tip line (i.e., the second pin) (Fig. 4, reference T2) and the associated modern connection (i.e., the fourth pin) (Fig. 4, reference T10) so that in the data communication mode (i.e., first state) the modern (i.e., serial) connection is made (i.e., opened) and in the voice communication mode (i.e., second state) the modern (i.e., serial) connection is not made (i.e., closed).
- Regarding Claim 22, Klupt further discloses: a switch section (i.e., second switching unit) (Fig. 4, reference P2, C2, C4) disposed between the line jack (Fig. 4, reference 27; column 4, lines 6-9) that corresponds to the network connection unit claimed and the phone jack (Fig. 4, reference 25; column 4, lines 3-6) that corresponds to the second external terminal connection unit claimed such that in the data communication mode (i.e., first state) the telephone set (i.e., electrical pathway) is disconnected and in the voice communication mode (i.e., second state) the telephone set (i.e., electrical pathway) is connected.
- 27. Regarding Claim 24, Klupt further discloses a switch with labeled positions (Fig. 3 reference 29) that indicates whether the telephone set or the modern is selected (i.e., a detection unit which detects which of the external terminal devices is transmitting).
- 28. Regarding Claims 25, Klupt discloses a modern coupler that corresponds to the terminal device claimed and is used such that: if a modern (i.e., a first external terminal device of a first type) is to be connected to a telephone network, it establishes a two-wire serial (i.e., first type of) connection between the telephone network and the modern (column 4, lines 17-25); if a

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telephone set (i.e., a second external terminal device of a second type other than the first type) is to be connected to a telephone network, it establishes a four-wire parallel (i.e., second type of) connection between the telephone network and the telephone set (column 4, lines 36-41); wherein the modem and the telephone set require different connection types (column 2, lines 11-21). Klupt further discloses the modem connection is a two-wire (i.e., serial) connection (Fig. 4, reference T9, T10) and the telephone connection is a 4-wire (i.e., parallel) connection (Fig. 4, reference T3, T4, T5, T6).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 29. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 30. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Streck.
- 31. Regarding Claim 7, as shown above apropos of Claim 1, Streck anticipates all elements except at least an additional terminal connection unit connected to the fifth and sixth pins. Mere duplication of parts has no patentable significance unless a new and unexpected result is produced. See *in re Harza*, 274 F.2d 669, 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA 1960).

Response to Arguments

- 32. Applicant's arguments filed 6 September 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 33. In the first complete paragraph on page 10 of the response, applicant alleges that Streck fails to disclose "a feeding circuit connected to the first and second pins to keep a current

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provided from the public telephone network flowing" as recited in Claim 1. Examiner respectfully disagrees. The single line answering module (Fig. 12, reference 46) disclosed in Streck places and holds the telephone line in an off-hook state while determining how a call is to be handled. It is well known that the only way to pace and hold a telephone in an off-hook state is by drawing a certain level of current through the line. As such, Streck inherently teaches "a feeding circuit connected to the first and second pins to keep a current provided from the public telephone network flowing", because without such an element the incoming call could not be answered and held while the determination of call type was made.

- In the paragraph spanning pages 10 and 11 of the response, applicant alleges that Klupt fails to disclose "determining whether a first external terminal device is selected" as recited in Claim 8. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Klupt discloses a selector switch that selects a voice communication mode (i.e., determines whether a first external terminal device is selected) (Fig. 4, reference 29;column 4, lines 12-21); if the voice mode (i.e., first external telephone device) is selected allowing telecommunication between a telephone set (i.e., the first external telephone device) and a telephone network (Fig. 4, reference 10; column 4, lines 36-41). Clearly, since one terminal device or the other is selected in Klupt, there must be a determination made as to whether a first device is selected.
- 35. In the fifth complete paragraph on page 11 of the response applicant alleges that Klupt fails to disclose "a first external terminal connection unit which serially connects a serial-type external terminal device having a serial-type connector to the public telephone network using the network connection unit according to a first switching unit being in a first state; a second external terminal connection unit which connects a parallel-type external terminal device having

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a parallel-type connector in parallel to the public telephone network using the network connection unit according to the first switching unit being in a second state" as recited in Claim 17. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Klupt discloses a modem plug (Fig. 4, reference 24; column 4, lines 1-2) that corresponds to the first external terminal connection unit claimed and connects a modem (i.e., serial type external terminal device) having a matching (i.e., serial-type) connector to the telephone system via the line jack when a switch (Fig. 4, reference 29) is in a data communication mode (i.e., according to a first switching unit being in a first state) (column 4, lines 49-57); a phone jack (Fig. 4, reference 25; column 4, lines 3-6) that corresponds to the second external terminal connection unit claimed and connects a telephone set (i.e., parallel type external terminal device) with a matching (i.e., parallel-type) connector to the telephone system via the line jack when the switch is in a voice communication mode (i.e., according to a first switching unit being in a second state) (column 4, lines 49-57).

36. Applicant's remaining arguments are directed solely to dependencies from and similarities to the claims discussed above and are, as such, unpersuasive for the same reasons.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated any new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel Swerdlow whose telephone number is 571-272-7531. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday between 7:30 AM and 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh H. Tran can be reached on 571-272-7564. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Daniel Swerdlow

Examiner

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